

## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

The following list of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

1. (Currently Amended) A method of inhibiting a *hedgehog* pathway in a ~~normal~~ cell having a functional *patched* receptor, comprising administering ~~ana-therapeutically~~ effective amount of a compound that inhibits the hedgehog pathway in ~~a-normal~~ the cell having a functional *patched* receptor but does not inhibit the *hedgehog* pathway in a *patched*-null cell.
2. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the compound has a molecular weight less than about 2000 amu.
3. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the compound has a molecular weight less than about 1000 amu.
4. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the compound causes a decrease in *gli* transcription of at least about 5% relative to an untreated control cell.
5. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the compound causes a decrease in *gli* transcription of at least about 10% relative to an untreated control cell.
6. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the compound causes a decrease in *gli* transcription of at least about 20% relative to an untreated control cell.
7. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the compound binds to *patched*.

8. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the compound inhibits the *hedgehog* pathway with an  $IC_{50}$  less than about 1  $\mu$ M.
9. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the compound inhibits the *hedgehog* pathway with an  $IC_{50}$  less than about 100 nM.
10. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the compound inhibits the *hedgehog* pathway with an  $IC_{50}$  less than about 10 nM.
11. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 2, wherein the compound causes a decrease in *gli* transcription of at least about 5% relative to an untreated control cell.
12. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 2, wherein the compound causes a decrease in *gli* transcription of at least about 10% relative to an untreated control cell.
13. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 2, wherein the compound causes a decrease in *gli* transcription of at least about 20% relative to an untreated control cell.
14. (Currently Amended) The method ~~compound~~ of claim 2, wherein the compound binds to *patched*.
15. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 2, wherein the compound inhibits the *hedgehog* pathway with an  $IC_{50}$  less than about 1  $\mu$ M.
16. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 2, wherein the compound inhibits the *hedgehog* pathway with an  $IC_{50}$  less than about 100 nM.

17. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 2, wherein the compound inhibits the *hedgehog* pathway with an IC<sub>50</sub> less than about 10 nM.
18. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 4, wherein the compound inhibits the *hedgehog* pathway with an IC<sub>50</sub> less than about 1 μM.
19. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 4, wherein the compound inhibits the *hedgehog* pathway with an IC<sub>50</sub> less than about 100 nM.
20. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 4, wherein the compound inhibits the *hedgehog* pathway with an IC<sub>50</sub> less than about 10 nM.
21. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 11, wherein the compound inhibits the *hedgehog* pathway with an IC<sub>50</sub> less than about 1 μM.
22. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 11, wherein the compound inhibits the *hedgehog* pathway with an IC<sub>50</sub> less than about 100 nM.
23. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 11, wherein the compound inhibits the *hedgehog* pathway with an IC<sub>50</sub> less than about 10 nM.
24. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 2, wherein the compound increases PKA activity in a cell by a factor of at least about 2 relative to an untreated control cell.

25. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 2, wherein the compound increases PKA activity in a cell by a factor of at least about 3 relative to an untreated control cell.

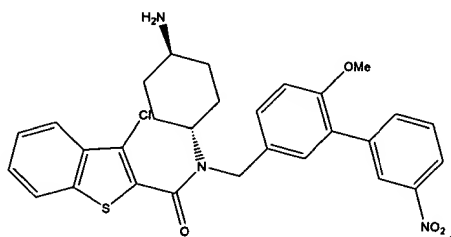
26. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 2, wherein the compound increases PKA activity in a cell by a factor of at least about 5 relative to an untreated control cell.

27. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 8, wherein the compound increases PKA activity in a cell by a factor of at least about 2 relative to an untreated control cell.

28. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 8, wherein the compound increases PKA activity in a cell by a factor of at least about 3 relative to an untreated control cell.

29. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 8, wherein the compound increases PKA activity in a cell by a factor of at least about 5 relative to an untreated control cell.

30. (Currently Amended) A method of inhibiting activation of a *hedgehog* pathway by a *hedgehog* protein, comprising administering ~~an~~ a therapeutically effective amount of a compound that inhibits activation of the *hedgehog* pathway by a *hedgehog* protein in a normal cell having a functional *patched* receptor but does not inhibit activation of the *hedgehog* pathway by the



following compound:

31. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein inhibiting the *hedgehog* pathway inhibits angiogenesis.

32. (Previously presented) The method of claim 2, wherein inhibiting the *hedgehog* pathway inhibits angiogenesis.

33. (Previously presented) The method of claim 4, wherein inhibiting the *hedgehog* pathway inhibits angiogenesis.

34. (Previously presented) The method of claim 8, wherein inhibiting the *hedgehog* pathway inhibits angiogenesis.

35. (Previously presented) The method of claim 11, wherein inhibiting the *hedgehog* pathway inhibits angiogenesis.

36. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein inhibiting the *hedgehog* pathway controls hair growth.

37. (Previously presented) The method of claim 2, wherein inhibiting the *hedgehog* pathway controls hair growth.

38. (Previously presented) The method of claim 4, wherein inhibiting the *hedgehog* pathway controls hair growth.

39. (Previously presented) The method of claim 8, wherein inhibiting the *hedgehog* pathway controls hair growth.

40. (Previously presented) The method of claim 11, wherein inhibiting the *hedgehog* pathway controls hair growth.

41. (Withdrawn) A method of inhibiting angiogenesis, comprising administering to a patient a therapeutically effective amount of a compound that inhibits the hedgehog pathway in a normal cell but does not inhibit the *hedgehog* pathway in a *patched*-null cell.

42. (Withdrawn) A method of inhibiting controlling hair growth, comprising administering to a patient a therapeutically effective amount of a compound that inhibits the hedgehog pathway in a normal cell but does not inhibit the *hedgehog* pathway in a *patched*-null cell.

43. (Withdrawn) A method of inhibiting the *hedgehog* pathway in a cell having a hedgehog gain-of-function phenotype, comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound that inhibits the hedgehog pathway in a normal cell but does not inhibit the *hedgehog* pathway in a *patched*-null cell.